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PPLICATION NO	), FI	LING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO
09/877,635		06/08/2001	James N. Herron	3278.2US	9774
24247	7590	06/07/2004		EXAM	INER
TRASK BRITT				LAM, A	ANN Y
P.O. BOX 2550 SALT LAKE CITY, UT 84110				ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER
				1641	

DATE MAILED: 06/07/2004

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

## **Advisory Action**

Application No.	Applicant(s)	
09/877,635	HERRON ET AL.	
Examiner	Art Unit	
Ann Y. Lam	1641	

-- The MAILING DATE of this communication appears on the cover sheet with the correspondence address --

THE REPLY FILED 09 April 2004 FAILS TO PLACE THIS APPLICATION IN CONDITION FOR ALLOWANCE. Therefore, further action by the applicant is required to avoid abandonment of this application. A proper reply to a final rejection under 37 CFR 1.113 may only be either: (1) a timely filed amendment which places the application in condition for allowance; (2) a timely filed Notice of Appeal (with appeal fee); or (3) a timely filed Request for Continued Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37 CFR 1.114.						
PERIOD FOR REPLY [check either a) or b)]						
a) The period for reply expiresmonths from the mailing date of the final rejection.						

	U.S. Patent and Trademark Office PTOL-303 (Rev. 11-03)	Advisory Action	Part of Paper No. 0604
	an 6/3/	104	PRIMARY EXAMINER GROUP 1800-7647
			CHRISTOPHER L. CHIN
	10. Other:		Christoph L. Chin
		closure Statement(s)( PTO-1449) Pape	er No(s)
	8. The drawing correction filed on	is a)□ approved or b)□ disapp	roved by the Examiner.
	Claim(s) withdrawn from consider		
	Claim(s) rejected: <u>21-33,45 and 46</u> .		
	Claim(s) objected to: none.		
	Claim(s) allowed: <u>none</u> .		
	The status of the claim(s) is (or will	l be) as follows:	
	7. For purposes of Appeal, the propose explanation of how the new or am	sed amendment(s) a)⊠ will not be en ended claims would be rejected is pro	tered or b)⊡ will be entered and an vided below or appended.
	raised by the Examiner in the final	<del>-</del>	
		nce because: See Continuation Sheet.	
	canceling the non-allowable claim	(s).	
	3. Applicant's reply has overcome the		ted in a separate, timely filed amendment
-	NOTE: <u>See Continuation Shee</u>	_	
		s without canceling a corresponding nu	imber of finally rejected claims.
	issues for appeal; and/or		
	(b) they raise the issue of new ma		al by materially reducing or simplifying the
		uld require further consideration and/or	r search (see NOTE below);
	2. The proposed amendment(s) will n		NOTE helevy)
	37 CFR 1.192(a), or any extension	thereof (37 CFR 1.191(d)), to avoid di	smissal of the appeal.
	1. ☐ A Notice of Appeal was filed on		thin the period set forth in
	fee have been filed is the date for purposes of dete	rmining the period of extension and the corresp e expiration date of the shortened statutory peri received by the Office later than three months a	under 37 CFR 1.136(a) and the appropriate extension onding amount of the fee. The appropriate extension od for reply originally set in the final Office action; or office the mailing date of the final rejection, even if
	b) The period for reply expires on: (1) the no event, however, will the statutory perion ONLY CHECK THIS BOX WHEN THE R	iod for reply expire later than SIX MONTHS fror	ate set forth in the final rejection, whichever is later. In the mailing date of the final rejection.  ITHS OF THE FINAL REJECTION. See MPEP
l	므	ERIOD FOR REPLY [check either a) of	or b)]
l	Examination (RCE) in compliance with 37	7 CFR 1.114.	,

## → Continuation Sheet (PTOL-303)

Continuation of 2. NOTE: The amendment adding the language "and an opposite surface of said waveguide" would require further search and consideration. The amendment substantially changes the scope of the claims since a detector that detects light passing through the planar surface is different from a detector that detects light passing through the planar surface and an opposite surface. Examiner would also like to note that Applicant's newly proposed amendment regarding the opposite surface of the wavegude does not make it clear where the opposite surface is located. That is, it is not clear whether this opposite surface is opposite the planar surface or opposite some surface, i.e., opposite any surface, on the waveguide.

Continuation of 5. does NOT place the application in condition for allowance because: with respect to Applicant's argument concerning the new limitations, the arguments are not considered because the amendments will not be entered for the reasons set forth above. As to Applicant's other arguments, the arguments are not persuasive because they relate to intended use and the Foster-Jackowski device is capable of performing the claimed functions. Applicant argues that as to claim 22, neither Foster nor Jackowski teach a waveguide which is optically associated with a rear lens orieted for reading light passing through the waveguide to monitor coupling efficiency and beam quality. Examiner reasserts that Foster discloses light passing through a waveguide and rear lens oriented for reading light passing through the waveguide. As to claim 26, Applicant argues that Foster and Jackowski do not disclose a controller that is configured to effect correlation of at least one indicator of coronary artery disease in a liquid biological sample in a continuous fashion, but rather at a specific point in time. Examiner asserts that the controller in Foster can be used in a continuous fashion. As to claims 27 and 29, Applicant argues that Foster and Jackowski do not disclose a controller configured to effect monitoring and correlating until a reliable determination is made of whether at least one indicator is coronary artery disease is present in a liquid biological sample in an amount indicative of coronary arter diesase, but rather the references appear to teach electronics that effect a single sweep of a surface of a waveguide and process the data obtained during that sweep. Examiner asserts that the controller in Foster is capable of monitoring and correlating until a reliable determination is made of whether an indicator is present in an amount indicative of coonary artery disease. As to claim 31, Applicant argues that Foster and Jackowski do not disclose a controller that is configured to substantially simultaneously determine concentrations of a plurality of indicators of coronary artery disease, but rather Foster teaches a single sample may be simultaneously run. Examiner notes that claim 31 does not require that the indicators be of different types of indicators. Thus, the Foster controller is capable of substantially simultaneously determining concentrations of a plurality of indicators of coronary artery disease.